

Lesson 13

Classroom objects and toys 1



General:

Level:	2 – KOALAS (ages 5-7)
Time:	50 mins - 1 hour 10 mins
Objectives:	Identifying and saying 5 objects in the classroom and 4 different toys, saying how
	old you are.
Structures:	"What's this?", "What color is this?", "How old are you?", "I'm (6)".
New vocab:	door, window, chair, table, bookcase, toy, teddy bear, doll, puppet, robot.
Review vocab:	cow, dog, sheep, duck, pig, lion, elephant, monkey, tiger, snake, bird, zebra, bear,
	panda, zoo, farm.

You will need to download:

Flashcards:	 Farm animals flashcards (cow, dog, sheep, duck, pig, farm) Zoo animals flashcards (lion, elephant, monkey, tiger, snake, bird, zebra, bear, panda, zoo) Classroom objects flashcards (door, window, chair, table, bookcase) - enough sets for everyone in the class
Printables:	 Color the classroom worksheet Classroom objects count worksheet Find me in the classroom reader worksheet
Readers:	Find me in the classroom
Songs:	Hello SongGoodbye SongThe numbers song

These can be downloaded at https://www.eslkidstuff.com/esl-kids-lesson-plans.html

You will also need:

- name tags and name cards for each student
- a glove puppet
- a small cake with candles (for your glove puppet's birthday)
- a large cloth bag
- Blu-tack or tape
- a box with holes to put arms inside (see the "Feel the toys in the box" activity)
- toys in a box: teddy bear, doll, puppet, robot
- 2 balls (or A4 paper scrunched into balls)
- a basket (such as a wastepaper basket)
- cushions (1 per student)



- colored crayons / pencils
- CD / Tape player or something to play the song on

Notes:

Students learn some classroom objects and toys vocabulary to help them interact with their learning environment. There are lots of fun games and activities based around these themes.

Lesson overview:

Warm up and maintenance:

- 1. Greetings
- 2. Name tags
- 3. Glove puppet greetings
- 4. Introduce "How old are you?"
- 5. Sing "The Hello Song"
- 6. Homework check
- 7. Do "Exercise routine" activity
- 8. Sing "The numbers song"
- 9. Do the "What's in the bag?" activity
- 10. Play the "Zoo or farm" game

New learning and practice:

- 1. Introduce the classroom objects
- 2. Play "Stick the flashcards onto the classroom objects"
- 3. Play "Retrieve the flashcards from the classroom objects"
- 4. Play "Classroom objects touch"
- 5. Do "Color the classroom" worksheet
- 6. Read classroom reader "Find me in the classroom"
- 7. Read and write time
- 8. Play "Feel the toys in the box"
- 9. Play "Shout it out"
- 10. Play "Fetch it"
- 11. Play "Vocabulary basketball"

Wrap up:

- 1. Assign homework: "Classroom objects count"
- 2. Say goodbye to glove puppet
- 3. Sing "The Goodbye Song"
- 4. Do "Quick check" and say goodbye



Lesson procedure:

Warm up and maintenance:

1. Greetings

Greet the students by name as they enter the classroom and gesture for them to sit down (on cushions if you have them) in a fan-shape around you.



2. Name tags

By now your students shouldn't have any problems writing their names, so there is no need to give them name cards to copy from. However, keep their name cards handy, just in case some students still have problems.



Simply give a blank name tag to each student to write their name on in pencil and stick it on.

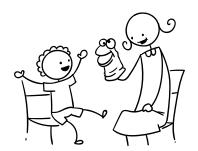
3. Glove puppet greetings

Bring out your glove puppet bag and have everyone shout "Hello!" into the bag until he wakes up and jumps out of the bag. Then model chatting with the glove puppet ...



Teacher: "My name is...".
Puppet: "How are you?"

Teacher: "I'm fine, thank you".



 \dots and then have the puppet say hello to each student and ask them the same questions.

NEW – don't say goodbye to the puppet yet! (see next point).

4. Introduce "How old are you?"

This lesson we'll introduce asking about age – kids love to say how old they are. To help illustrate this we'll have a birthday party for your glove puppet!

If you can, prepare a small cup cake and candles before class – your puppet is going to be around the same age as your students, so prepare enough candles.





Announce to everyone that it is your puppet's birthday today! Bring out the cake and sing "Happy birthday" together. Then everyone count the candles together. Ask the puppet, "How old are you?" and your puppet replies, "I'm (6)".

Next have your puppet ask each of your students, "How old are you?" and encourage everyone to say "I'm (4)". Give lots of praise each time.

Everyone can have a small bite of the cake each time they give the right answer.

Finally, go around saying "Goodbye" and "See you" before going back into the bag and back to sleep.

5. Sing "The Hello Song"

Sit in a circle and sing the song (clap along or pat knees).

Lyrics for "The Hello Song"

Hello, hello, How are you today? Hello, hello, How are you today?

I'm fine, thank you, I'm fine, thank you, I'm fine, thank you, And how about you?

Hello, hello, How are you today? I'm fine, thank you, And how about you?

Gestures for "The Hello Song"

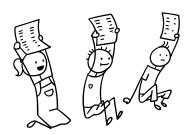
Sit in a circle and listen to the song (clap along or pat knees).

- Wave as you sing the "Hello, hello" parts.
- Gesture to others as you sing "How are you today?"
- Point to yourself as you sing "I'm fine, thank you"
- Hand gesture towards another student as you sing "And how about you?".



6. Homework check

Check each student's homework that you set in the last lesson. Ask each student some questions about their homework worksheet (e.g. "What animal/color is this?", "What noise does it make?", etc.), give lots of praise, and then put some kind of mark on the homework sheet (e.g. a sticker, a stamp or draw a smiley face).



Finally, tell your students to put their homework back into their bags.



7. Do "Exercise routine" activity

Say the following and have the students follow your lead:

"Stand up (T stands and so does everyone else)

"Hands up / hands down" (do 4 or 5 times)

"Jump" (4 or 5 times)

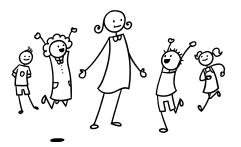
"Kick (4 or 5 times)

"Run! / Stop!" (4 or 5 times)

"Turn around! / Stop!" (4 or 5 times)

"Wiggle!" (a few seconds)

finally "Sit down".



8. Sing "The numbers song"

Let's review this fun song. Get everyone to stand up and march along and do the actions. Make sure you do the actions with the kids so that they can follow you and copy what you are doing.

Lyrics for "The numbers song"

1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 Jump!

6-7-8-9-10 Jump!

Turn around and clap your hands And jump!

1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 Kick!

6 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 10 Kick!

Turn around and clap your hands And kick!

1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 Wiggle!

6 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 10 Wiggle!

Turn around and clap your hands And wiggle!

1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 Jump!

6 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 10 Kick!

Turn around and clap your hands

And Jump!

Kick!

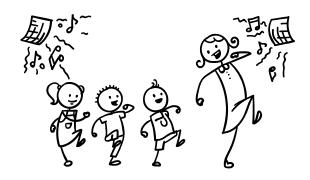
Wiggle!

And Jump!

Gestures for "The numbers song"

First time you play the song do the gestures and encourage everyone to do them with you.

- As the music is in a marching-style, start off with everyone marching enthusiastically on the spot to the rhythm.
- Whilst marching, count off the numbers on your fingers as the numbers are sung.
- Do each action word (e.g. jump, turn around, clap your hands, etc.) at the point they are sung in the song.





9. Do the "What's in the bag?" activity

Before class, put a couple of new objects (e.g. a crayon, a plastic bottle, a sock, a paper cup, a leaf, a ball, a teddy, etc. - anything lying around (and safe!)) into the bag.

Show the bag to your students, shake it to rattle the objects inside, and ask, "What's in the bag?".



Randomly pull out different objects and teach/elicit the words – in each case, have students hold and pass the objects around. You can even have students pull the objects out of the bag instead of you taking them out – with eyes closed to make it fun!

Finally, place/throw the objects around the classroom and have each student retrieve an object as you call out its name and put it back in the bag.

10. Play "Zoo or farm" game

Let's play a fun game to review the farm and zoo animals. First get everyone to sit in a circle with you. Hold up the farm and zoo flashcards and teach/elicit the words "zoo" and "farm". Chorus each word x3. Place the cards in the circle.

Next, shuffle all the farm and zoo flashcards from previous lessons and hold up the first card (e.g. a cow) and elicit what it is. Then ask if it belongs in a zoo or on a farm — elicit the answer and then place the card under the farm card.



Continue through all the animals until the end of the game.

This can also be played as a team game with points for the first to shout out the correct answer.

New learning and practice:

1. Introduce the classroom objects vocabulary

Today your students are going to learn the words: door, window, chair, table and bookcase. Before class, print off enough flashcard pictures of each of these words for each student in your class as well as yourself (so if you have 8 students you will need 9 door flashcards, 9 chair flashcards, etc.).

Start off by getting everyone sitting on the floor in front of you. Hold up the chair flashcard. Proceed as follows:



Teacher: What's this? It's a chair. Repeat "chair".

Students: "Chair" (repeat 3 times)

Teacher: Can you see a chair in the classroom? (point at a chair).

Students: (Pointing at chairs) Teacher: Yes! Good job!

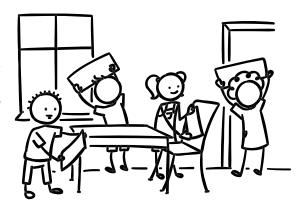
Lay the flashcard on the floor. Then do the same for the other 4 flashcards.

Next give each student the same 5 flashcards and have them lay the cards out in front of them. Touch one of your cards (e.g. door) whilst saying the word and have your students touch and repeat on their cards. Go through all the cards.

2. Play "Stick the flashcards onto the classroom objects"

Give each student a ball of Blu-tack. Everyone will instantly want to play with it - allow a couple of minutes to play (have them mold objects, such as fruit, etc.).

Then bring the focus of the class back to yourself and demonstrate the activity: hold up the window flashcard, pull off a bit of Blue-Tack and stick it to the back of the card. Then walk over to a window in the classroom and stick the card to it. Say "window" as you do so. Hold up the next flashcard and encourage students to point to the object (act as if you have no idea where it is) then walk over and stick the card to the object, again saying the name. Do this for all 5 flashcards.



Now your students can do the same thing. Teacher says an object (e.g. "chair") and everyone sticks their flashcards onto the object, whilst saying the word.

Do for all 5 classroom objects.

3. Play "Retrieve the flashcards from the classroom objects"

Now that all the flashcards are on objects in the classroom, we can bring them back. To do this, the teacher can give individual instructions to students to go and get a different object and place in front of them.

Get everyone up and retrieving different cards at the same time, for example:

Teacher: Miki, bring back the door card, please. (Miki stands up and goes towards the door)



Teacher: Jose, bring back the chair flashcard, please. (Jose stands up and goes towards the chair). etc.

This should be fun and a little hectic. When everyone has collected the items and sat down with the flashcards in front of them the activity is over.

4. Play "Classroom objects touch"

Have everyone stand up in the middle of the classroom. Teacher shouts out a word (e.g. "Touch the door!") and everyone must run to the door and touch it. This should be a quick and exciting game. After a few rounds, feel free to add other words that have been covered in previous lessons.



5. Do "Color the classroom" worksheet

Hold up the worksheet and model coloring in the classroom objects. Then draw a picture of yourself standing in the classroom.

Have your students take out their crayons and complete their worksheets. Spend time with each student, helping, asking questions (e.g. "What is this?", "What color is it?", etc.) and praising. Also, have each student draw a picture of themselves in the classroom.



Finally, hold up each student's work in turn and ask them to tell you the objects and colors. Tell your students to put their worksheets into their bags.

6. Read classroom reader "Find me in the classroom"

By this point your students will have had a good amount of practice identifying the key vocab so let's have some fun with a story which incorporates the classroom vocab. Before class, download and print off the reader "Find me in the classroom" from our website. As you go through each page, point to the key vocab in each picture and elicit the words. Then get your students to have fun searching for and finding the ladybug hiding in the classroom, for example:

Teacher: (reading from page 1) "Hello, I'm Liana Ladybug. Look, she's in a classroom. What's this (points at the door)?

Students: Door!

Teacher: Yes, that's right. And what color is it?

Students: Red!

Teacher: Yes, it's red!

(teacher elicits the other classroom objects)





Teacher: (reading from page 1) "I'm going to hide" ... Let's look ... (turns to page 2) ... Where

is Liana Ladybug?

Students: (pointing) Chair!

Teacher: Oh yes, there she is - under the chair! Repeat "Under the chair".

Students: Under the chair.

etc.

Continue through the story, asking where the ladybug is hiding. Get the students really involved in the story by asking lots of questions (e.g. the colors and where the other insects are) and even ask yes/no questions about where the ladybug is hiding (making mistakes, of course), for example:

Teacher: (reading from page 4) "Where am I? Can you find me?" ... Let's see, is this Liana

Ladybug? (points at the caterpillar).

Students: No!

Teacher: No? Well, is she here, on the table? (pointing at the beetle)

Students: No!

Teacher: Well, where is she? Students: Bookcase! (pointing)

Teacher: (Looking more closely). Oh, yes! Well done! She's on the bookcase! Repeat "On

the bookcase"

etc.

After reading the story, give out a reader worksheet to each student and read through the story one more time (without stopping for questions, etc.) as students mark on their sheets the different places the ladybug hides. Then go through the answers as a class.

Alternatively, watch our video version of the reader on our website.

7. Read and write time

This segment can be part of all your lessons. Spend 10 to 15 minutes building up your students' writing and reading skills. You'll need to assess your students' reading/writing level and then choose to start at one of the following stages:



1. Beginners: students cannot read or write the alphabet.

Each lesson introduce 3 lower-case letters of the alphabet (first lesson will be a, b, c). Use flashcards to do this. Play alphabet games and do printing worksheets. **See our 'Alphabet a-z (lowercase)' mini-lesson plan for full details**.



2. Early starters: students have experience with the alphabet but need phonics practice. Each lesson introduce 5 lower-case letters of the alphabet (first lesson will be a, b, c, d, e). Use flashcards to do this. Start by working on the sounds of the letters and then move onto letter clusters (e.g. sh, ee, etc). See our 'Alphabet' and 'Letter clusters' mini-lesson plan for full details.

3. Early readers.

Work on reading and writing simple sentences with lots of practice activities. **See our 'Early reading' mini-lesson plan for full details**.

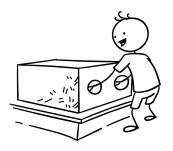
4. Elementary readers: students can read and write simple sentences well. Work on reading and writing short texts and stories. **See our 'Reading short texts' minilessons for full details**.

8. Play "Feel the toys in the box"

This is a fun activity that will introduce some toys. Before class, prepare the following toys: teddy bear, doll, puppet, robot.

You will also need a big box with two round holes two holes cut in it - big enough for your students to put their arms in.

Get everyone to close their eyes as you put a toy in the upturned box. Model first: put your arms through the holes and feel the toy. Pull a face to show you are feeling something and don't know what it is. Then finally, look happy and say, "It's a puppet!" and lift up the box to show everyone what you have found.



Also, a great idea is to add some other objects that students have studied in previous lessons (e.g. a crayon, plastic fruit, plastic animals, etc.) - this will give you more objects and allow for vocabulary review.

9. Play "Shout it out"

Have all your students sit down. Start by holding up each toy and eliciting, chorusing and passing the toy around (when passing make sure each student says the word for the toy as they pass it).



Next put all the toys in a box and have everyone close their eyes. Pull out a toy and say "Open your eyes" - everyone must open their eyes and shout out the word for toy that you are holding. Do this for all the toys.



10. Play "Fetch it"

Throw all the toys around the classroom and place the box at the front of the class. Say to one student "Please fetch the robot". That student gets up, goes to the robot, picks it up and takes it over to the box and drops it in.

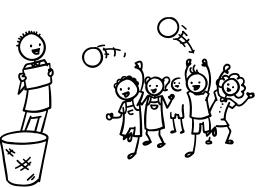


Then do the same for another student with another toy. Keep going until all the toys are back in the box.

You can use the other items from the "Feel the toys in the box" activity as well to give you more things to throw and fetch.

11. Play "Vocabulary Basketball"

Let's finish with a fun game which will review vocab from this lesson as well as previous lessons. You will need a basket (a wastepaper basket) and 2 balls (2 pieces of A4 paper scrunched up into a ball). Also, have flashcards for the vocab from this lesson as well as previous lessons - shuffle them well.



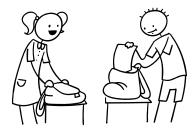
Form 2 teams and line them up so that two players

from each team are facing the front with the basket in front of them. Let both players throw their ball - if they get their ball into the basket they can try and win a point by saying the correct word of the flashcard you hold up. Then they go to the back of the line. Play until all of the flashcards have been answered correctly - the team with the most points is the winner!

Wrap up:

1. Assign homework: "Classroom objects count"

Hold up the homework worksheet – this is a simple counting and coloring activity. Model coloring the classroom objects – count as you color each object. Give out the worksheets and say, "Put your homework in your bags" and help them to do so - this is important as they will probably want to start coloring them right away.



2. Say goodbye to glove puppet

Take out the bag again and get everyone to wake up the glove puppet by shouting its name into the bag (e.g. "Cookie Monster!"). Bring out the puppet and go through the same routine - go to each





student and say hello, ask their name and the say goodbye / see you.

Then put the puppet back in the bag (back to sleep).

3. Sing "The Goodbye Song"

Sit together in a circle and sing and clap along.

Lyrics for "The Goodbye Song"

Goodbye, goodbye, See you again. Goodbye, goodbye, See you again.

It's time to go, It's time to go, It's time to go, See you next time.

Goodbye, goodbye, See you again. It's time to go, See you next time.



Gestures for "The Goodbye Song"

Have everyone do the gestures with you.

- Wave as you sing the "Goodbye, goodbye" parts.
- Hold your hand above your eyes (as you would when you are looking into the distance and keeping the sun out of your eyes) and look at another student as you sing "See you again".
- Tap watch (or imaginary watch) and then point to the door as you sing "It's time to go".
- Point towards another student as you sing "See you next time".

4. Do "Quick check" and say goodbye

Time to leave the class. Make sure everything is put away and the students have gathered their belongings. Have them line up at the door and place yourself between the door and the students.

For each student hold up a toy or point to a classroom object from today's lesson and ask them to say what it is.





When they say the words correctly say goodbye and let them leave. If they make a mistake, have them go back to the end of the line - they will have to try again once they reach the front!

- All flashcards, worksheets, craft sheets, readers and songs used in this lesson plan can be downloaded at <u>eslkidstuff.com/esl-kids-lesson-</u> plans.html
- More free Lesson Plans are available at <u>eslkidstuff.com/esl-kids-lesson-plans.html</u>



Can you suggest any additions to this lesson plan? If you know of any great games, activities, teaching points, links to other sites or any other ideas that can be added to this lesson plan, please email us: https://www.eslkidstuff.com/contact.htm

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